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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/647,218	08/26/2003	Anri Enomoto	018842.1272	1899
24735	7590 11/21/2006		EXAM	INER
BAKER BO		GILLAN, RYAN P		
C/O INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY DEPARTMENT THE WARNER, SUITE 1300 1299 PENNSYLVANIA AVE, NW WASHINGTON, DC 20004-2400			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3746	
			DATE MAILED: 11/21/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		NT				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summany	10/647,218	ENOMOTO ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
The MAIL INC DATE of this communication on	Ryan P. Gillan	3746				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	pears on the cover sneet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 A 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under B	s action is non-final.  nce except for formal matters, pro					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-16 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1 and 2 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 3-16 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine	wn from consideration. or election requirement.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>8/26/03</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• •					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	is have been received. is have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

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### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kawaguchi et al. (5,624,240) in view of Gleasman et al. (5,513,553). Kawaguchi et al. teach a clutchless refrigerant compressor of a variable displacement type comprising: a compressor housing (2 and 3) having therein a crank chamber (2a), at least one cylinder bore (1b), a suction chamber (3a), and a discharge chamber (3b), said suction chamber and a discharge chamber having an inlet port (4a) and an outlet port (4b), respectively, for connecting the compressor to a refrigerating circuit; at least one piston fitted into said at least one cylinder bore and being reciprocate within said cylinder bore(clearly seen in figure 1); a drive shaft (7) extending in the crank chamber in a direction parallel to said cylinder and said piston and rotatably born in the compressor housing (clearly seen in figure 1), said drive shaft having an axial end portion protruding outward from the compressor housing (clearly seen in figure 1 on the left side of the housing), said axial end portion being for connecting an external driving source (9) for receiving a driving power to rotate said drive shaft; a rotor (18) fixedly mounted on said drive shaft within said crank chamber to be rotatable together with said drive shaft; a swash plate (15) disposed around said drive shaft and connected to said rotor by a

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hinge (18a, 17a, 17b) connection at an angular position, as a hinge angular position, around said drive shaft so as to be rotatable together with said rotor and to be able to inclined from a plane perpendicular to a drive axis of said drive shaft (col. 3 line 59 - col. 4 line 5), said swash plate making a nutating motion with an inclination angle by rotation together with said rotor, the inclination angle of said swash plate being variable between a predetermined minimum angle approximately equal to a zero angle and a predetermined maximum angle (col. 3 line 59 - col. 4 line 5); a connecting mechanism (21) connecting said swash plate to said piston for converting said nutating motion of said swash plate to reciprocating motion of said piston; a control mechanism (25) for controlling said inclination angle of said swash plate together or against said urging member by adjusting a pressure within said crank chamber to thereby control the displacement of said compressor (col. 4 lines 56-64); which further comprising an urging member (40) providing an urging force to urge the swash plate so that the inclination angle becomes the predetermined minimum angle (col. 3 lines 51-58).

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3. Kawaguchi et al. fail to teach a determining means for determining the inclination angle of the swash plate to an initial angle when said drive shaft is stopped without being driven by the external driving source, the initial angle being selected larger than the predetermined minimum angle; and releasing means for releasing the inclination angle determining means when compression work of the compressor is increased after said drive shaft is driven by the external driving source; wherein said inclination angle determining means comprises a stopper mounted on said drive shaft at an initial position on the drive axis to stop said swash plate from changing in inclination due to

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the urging force when said drive shaft is not driven by said external driving source, for defining an initial angle of the inclination angle of the swash plate, said stopper being variable in the position on said drive axis.

4. Gleasman et al. teach a determining means (172) for determining the inclination angle of the swash plate to an initial angle when said drive shaft is stopped without being driven by the external driving source, the initial angle being selected larger than the predetermined minimum angle (col. 17 lines 12-22); and releasing means (180) for releasing the inclination angle determining means when compression work of the compressor is increased after said drive shaft is driven by the external driving source (col. 17 lines 24-32); wherein said inclination angle determining means comprises a stopper (174) mounted on said drive shaft at an initial position on the drive axis to stop said swash plate from changing in inclination due to the urging force when said drive shaft is not driven by said external driving source, for defining an initial angle of the inclination angle of the swash plate, said stopper being variable in the position on said drive axis (col. 17 lines 24-32). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the compressor of Kawaguchi et al. by incorporating the inclination determining means and release means as taught by Gleasman et al. as a means for manually adjusting the inclination of the swash-plate allowing an operator to optimize the efficiency of the compressor for varying loads during operation (col. 17 lines 12-22).

## Allowable Subject Matter

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5. Claims 3-16 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Response to Arguments

- 6. Applicant's arguments filed 8/30/06 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. In response to applicant's argument that Gleasman is nonanalogous art, Gleasman discloses that although though the running speeds of hydraulic high-pressure compressors are very different from refrigerant compressors, there are common elements used in both (col. 2 lines 51-56). The determining means for determining the inclination angle of the swash plate and the releasing means, both of which are relied upon in the above Office Action, as disclosed by Gleasman, are not affected by the speed of the compressor and, therefore, are interchangeable between hydraulic and refrigerant compressors.
- 7. The Applicant also argues that Gleasman fails to disclose a releasing means for releasing the inclination angle determining means, however, as cited above, Gleasman discloses a releasing means 180, which is used to adjust the swash-plate. The release means can adjust the determining means 172 and therefore can adjust it to a released position (col. 17 lines (12-22). Therefore, servo-mechanism 180 can be utilized as a releasing means.

## Conclusion

1. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ryan P. Gillan whose telephone number is 571-272-8381. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 5:00 pm; Monday - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ehud Gartenberg can be reached on 571-272-4828. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

RPG 11/13/06

EHUD GARTENBERG SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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